



GTS 34 | SP 12/2019

# GSH

Autenticação efêmera para servidores SSH

Manoel Domingues Junior  
Globo

# Agenda

- Autenticação
- SSH e seus usos
- Alguns problemas
- GSH
- Próximos passos

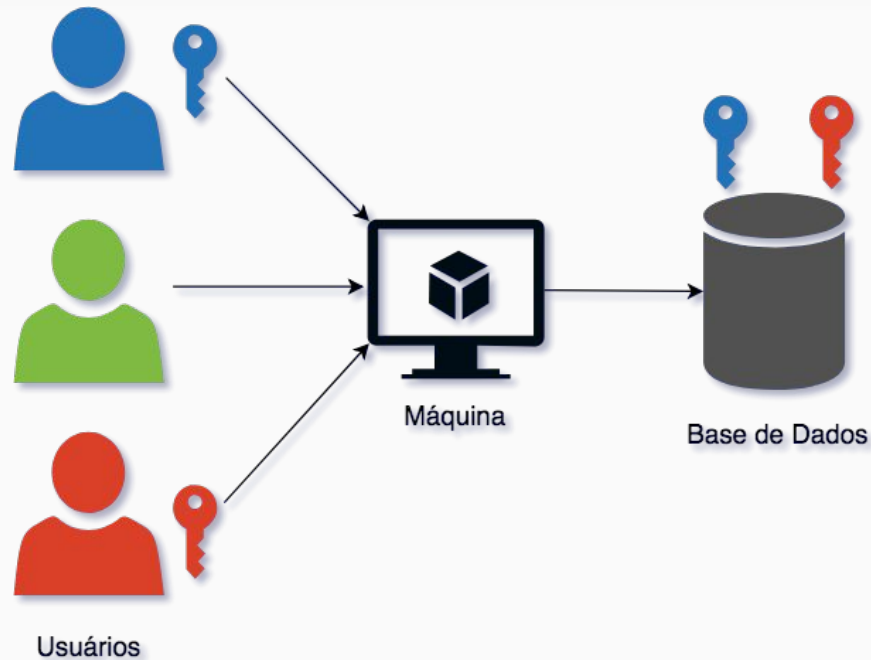


# Autenticação

SSH vs Web

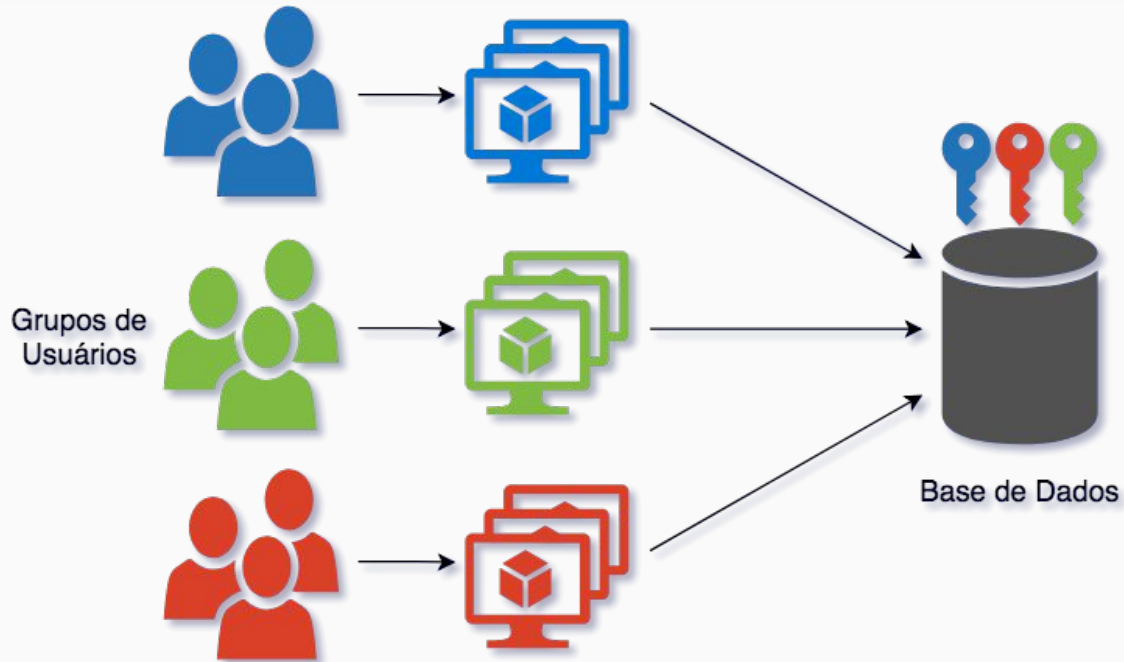


# SSH como é hoje

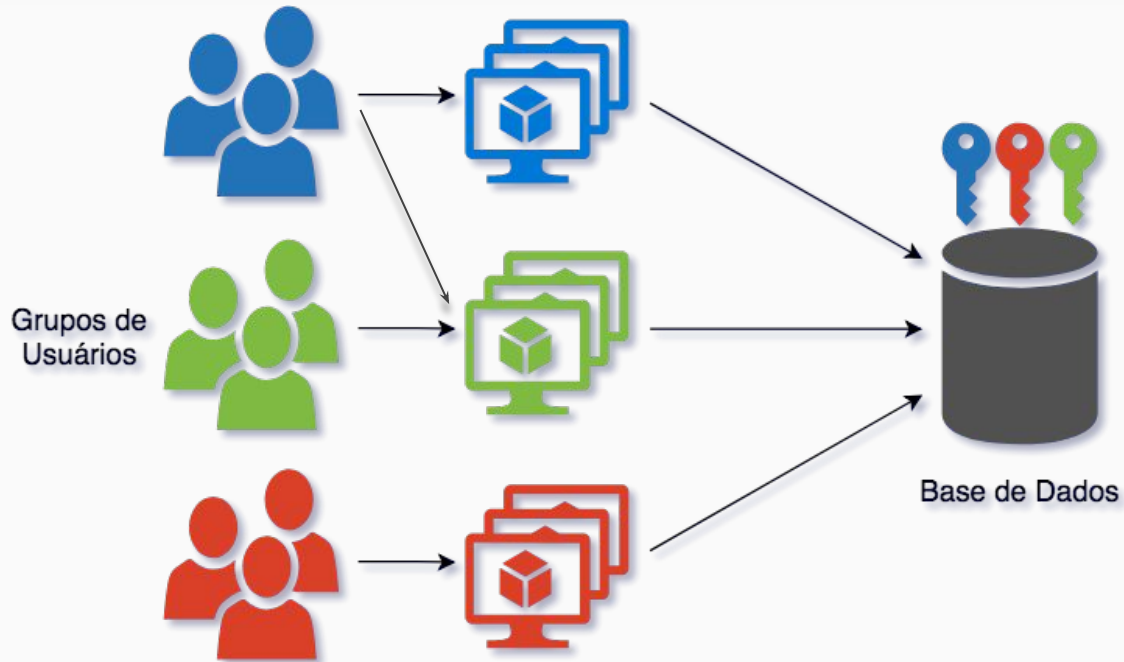




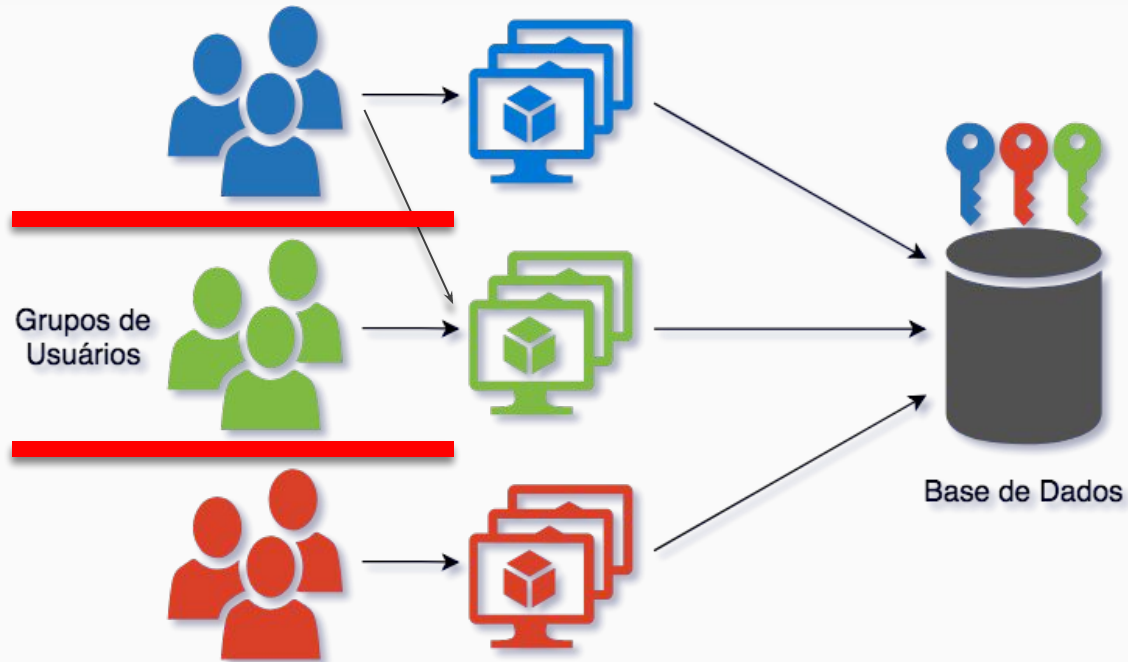
# SSH como é hoje



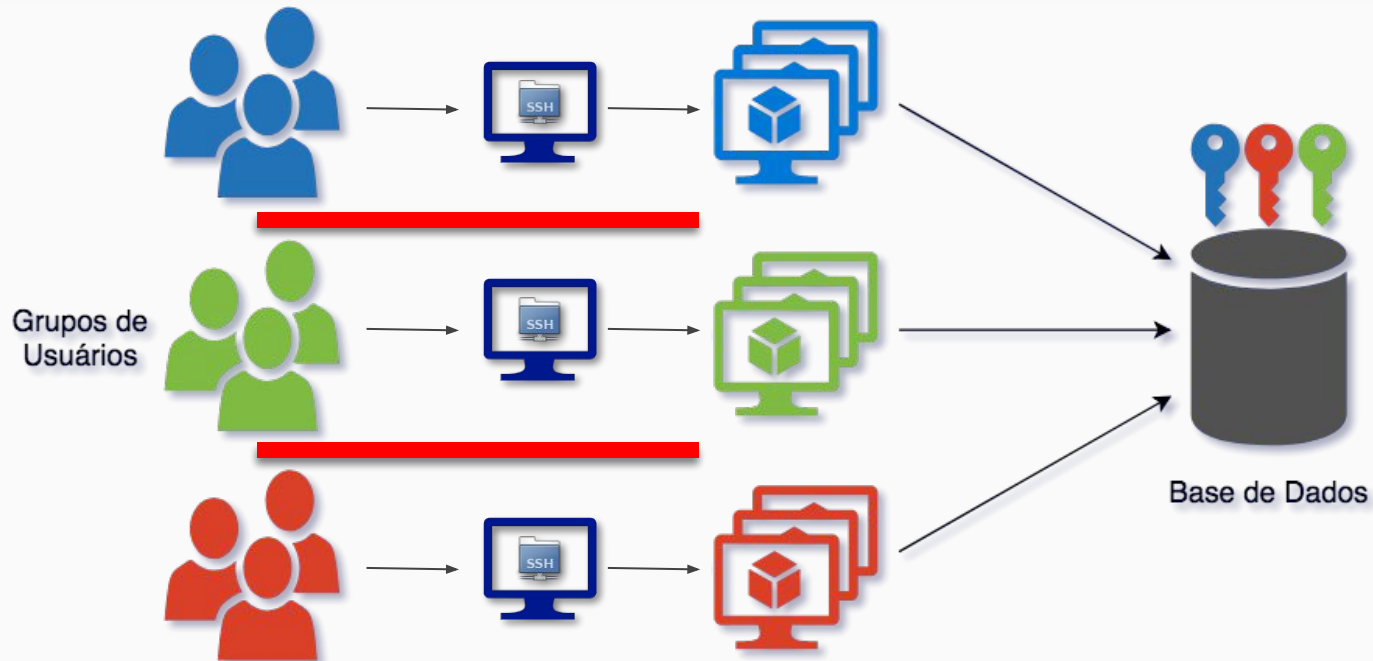
# SSH como é hoje



# SSH como é hoje



# SSH como é hoje



# Possível solução



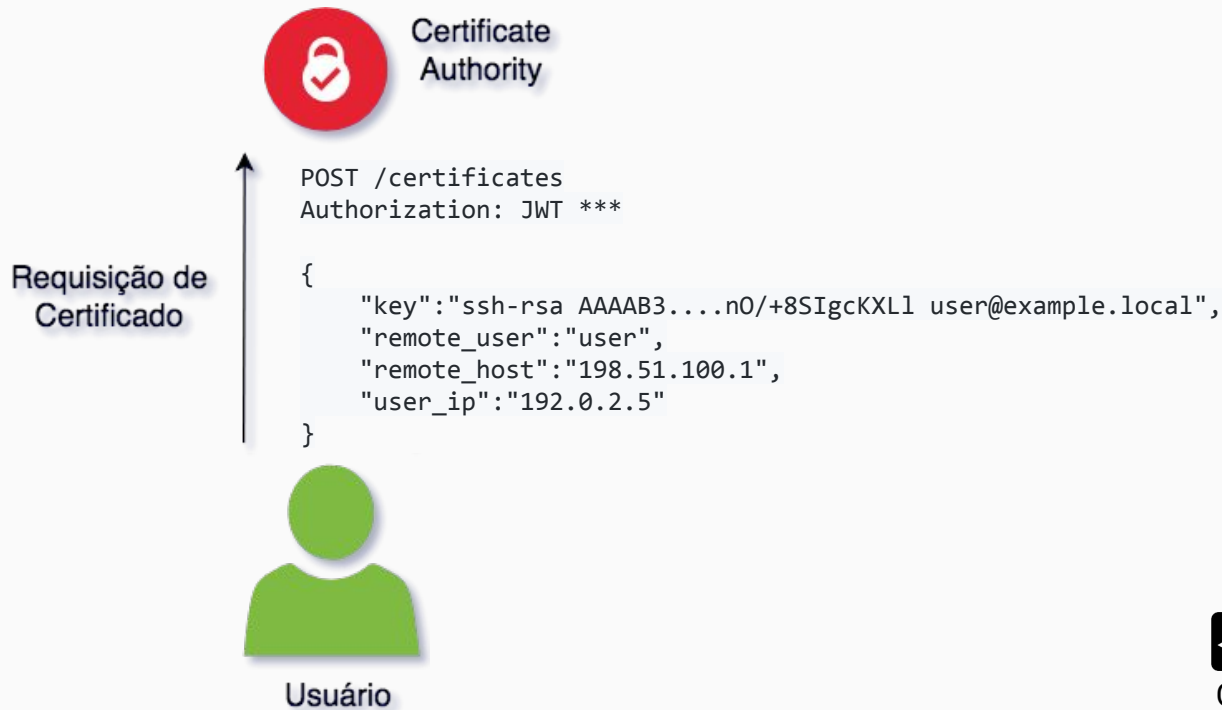
Certificate  
Authority



Usuário

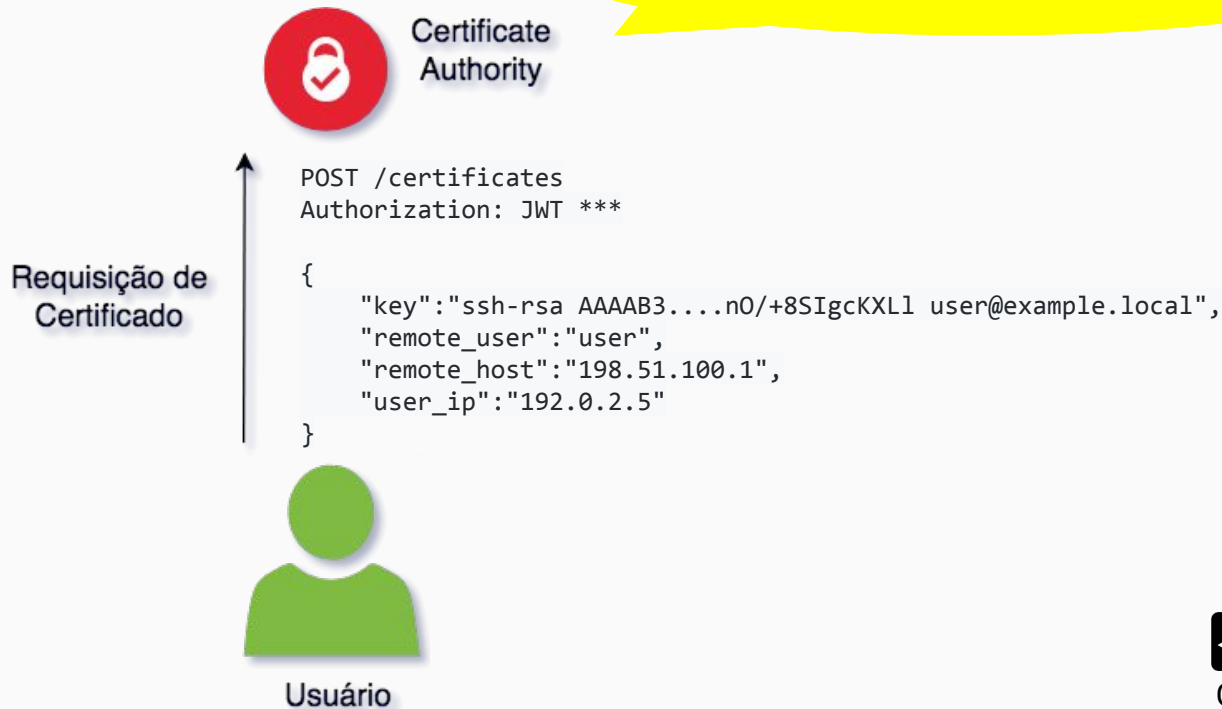


# Possível solução



# Possível solução

*user pode acessar 198.51.100.1 a partir de 192.0.2.5?*



# Possível solução



HTTP/1.1 200 OK

```
{  
  "certificate": "ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com  
AAAAHHNzaC1yc2EtY2VydC12MDFAb3B1bnNzaC5jb20AAAAgBR95jAgW  
...u0/G1QHHzUZWgGQzq2BnaeWs8uuYMCAe12NZnoMIqy5VldSDA\n",  
  "result": "success"  
}
```



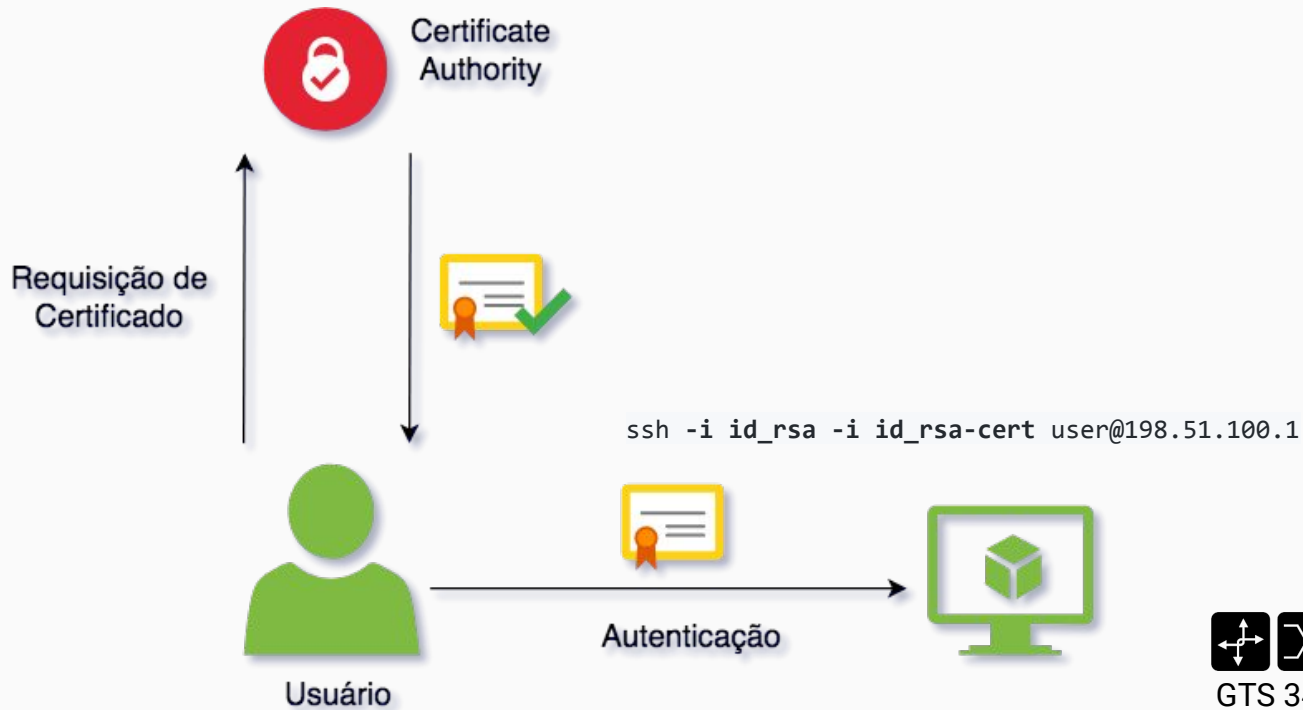


# Possível solução

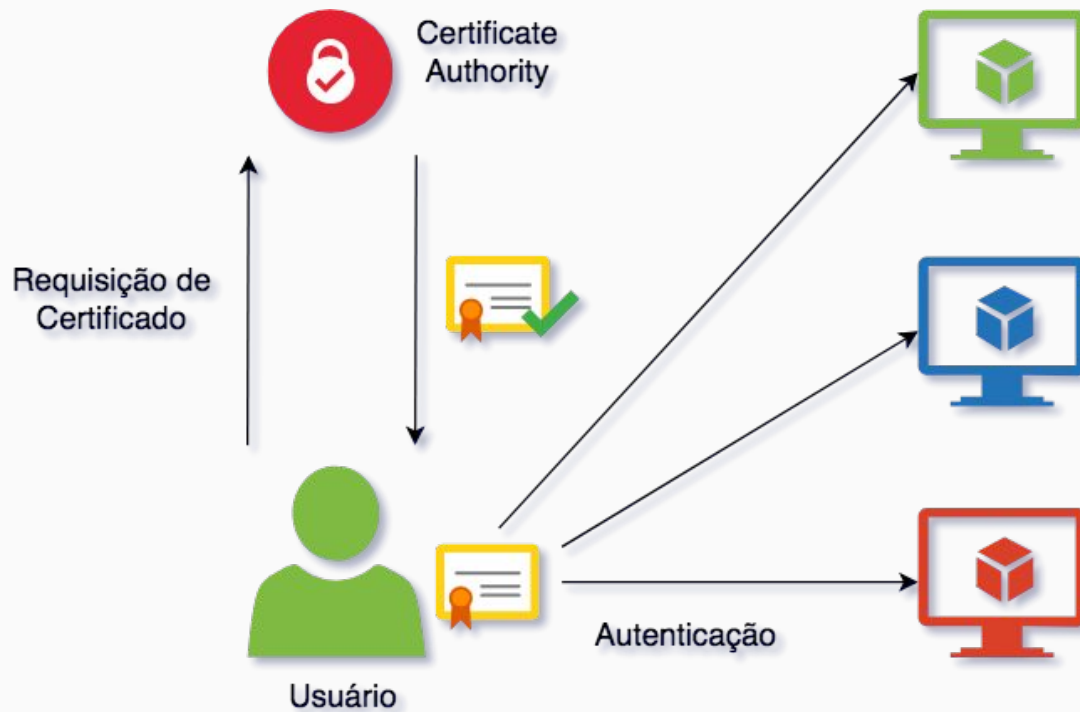
```
$ ssh-keygen -Lf id_rsa-cert.pub
Type: ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com user certificate
Public key: RSA-CERT
SHA256:1ChWGB1HsSvlVV8Od1WmyXLZLorkncIsoQ0boGmKDcE
Signing CA: RSA SHA256:zJNiSEvSCvOvfWxieW1VGHo4D7Fk039F9E2CCeBfsjE
(using ssh-rsa)
Key ID: "64e0c354-b92a-415b-9cf8-698f73ca7968"
Serial: 0
Valid: from 2019-12-12T14:34:28 to 2019-12-12T14:44:58
Principals:
    user
Critical Options:
    source-address 192.0.2.5
Extensions:
    permit-pty
```



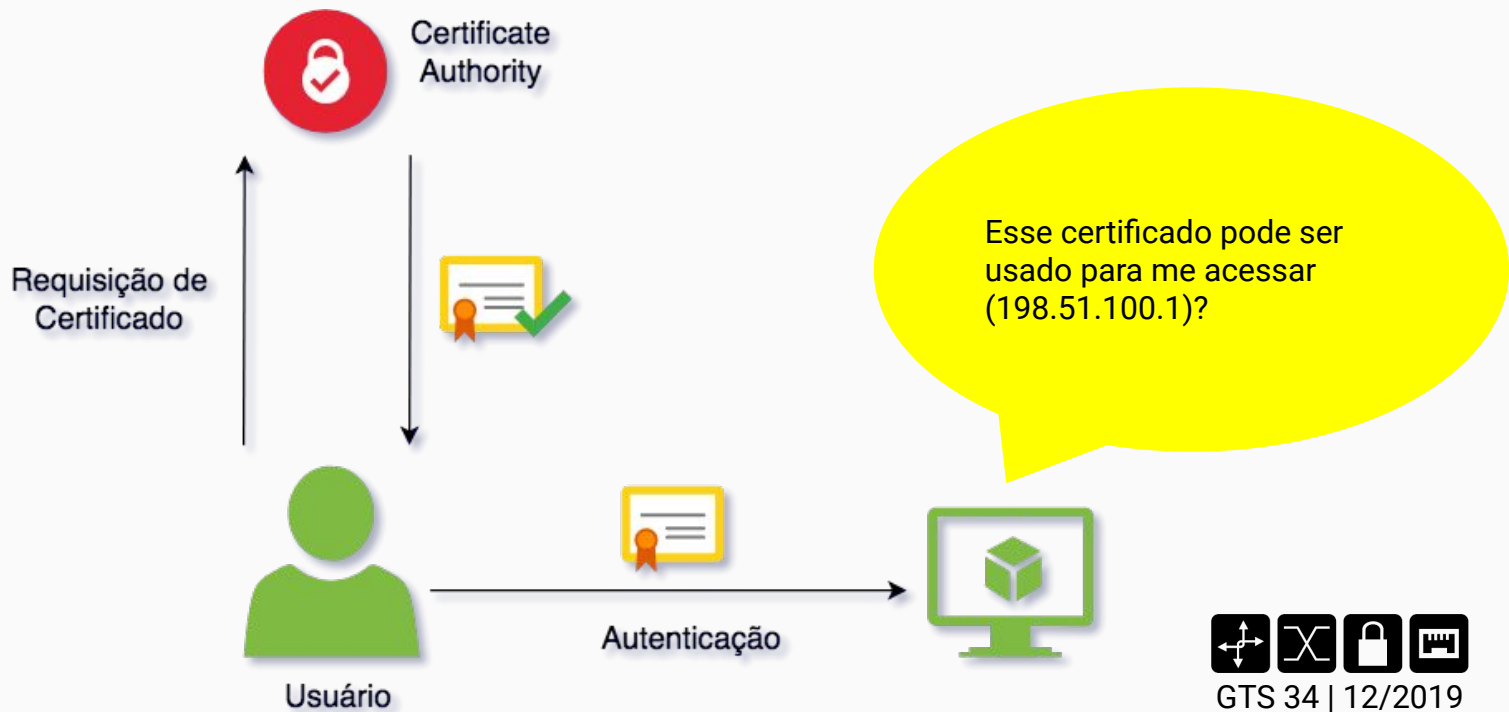
# Possível solução



# Porém...



# Possível solução



Specifies the file that contains the public keys used for user authentication. The format is described in the [AUTHORIZED\\_KEYS FILE FORMAT](#) section of [sshd\(8\)](#). Arguments to **AuthorizedKeysFile** accept the tokens described in the [TOKENS](#) section. After expansion, **AuthorizedKeysFile** is taken to be an absolute path or one relative to the user's home directory. Multiple files may be listed, separated by whitespace. Alternately this option may be set to **none** to skip checking for user keys in files. The default is `“.ssh/authorized_keys .ssh/authorized_keys2”`.

### AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand

Specifies a program to be used to generate the list of allowed certificate principals as per **AuthorizedPrincipalsFile**. The program must be owned by root, not writable by group or others and specified by an absolute path. Arguments to **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** accept the tokens described in the [TOKENS](#) section. If no arguments are specified then the username of the target user is used.

The program should produce on standard output zero or more lines of **AuthorizedPrincipalsFile** output. If either **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** or **AuthorizedPrincipalsFile** is specified, then certificates offered by the client for authentication must contain a principal that is listed. By default, no **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** is run.

### AuthorizedPrincipalsCommandUser

Specifies the user under whose account the **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** is run. It is recommended to use a dedicated user that has no other role on the host than running authorized principals commands. If **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** is specified but **AuthorizedPrincipalsCommandUser** is not, then [sshd\(8\)](#) will refuse to start.

### AuthorizedPrincipalsFile

Specifies a file that lists principal names that are accepted for certificate authentication. When using certificates signed by a key listed in **TrustedUserCAKeys**, this file lists names, one of which must appear in the certificate for it to be accepted for authentication. Names are listed one per line preceded by key options (as described in [AUTHORIZED\\_KEYS FILE FORMAT](#) in [sshd\(8\)](#)). Empty lines and comments starting with `#` are ignored.

## TOKENS

Arguments to some keywords can make use of tokens, which are expanded at runtime:

%%	A literal '%'. The routing domain in which the incoming connection was received.
%D	
%F	The fingerprint of the CA key.
%f	The fingerprint of the key or certificate.
%h	The home directory of the user.
%i	The key ID in the certificate.
%K	The base64-encoded CA key.
%k	The base64-encoded key or certificate for authentication.
%s	The serial number of the certificate.
%T	The type of the CA key.
%t	The key or certificate type.
%U	The numeric user ID of the target user.
%u	The username.

**AuthorizedKeysCommand** accepts the tokens %, %f, %h, %k, %t, %U, and %u.

**AuthorizedKeysFile** accepts the tokens %, %h, %U, and %u.

**AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand** accepts the tokens %, %F, %f, %h, %i, %K, %k, %s, %T, %t, %U, and %u.

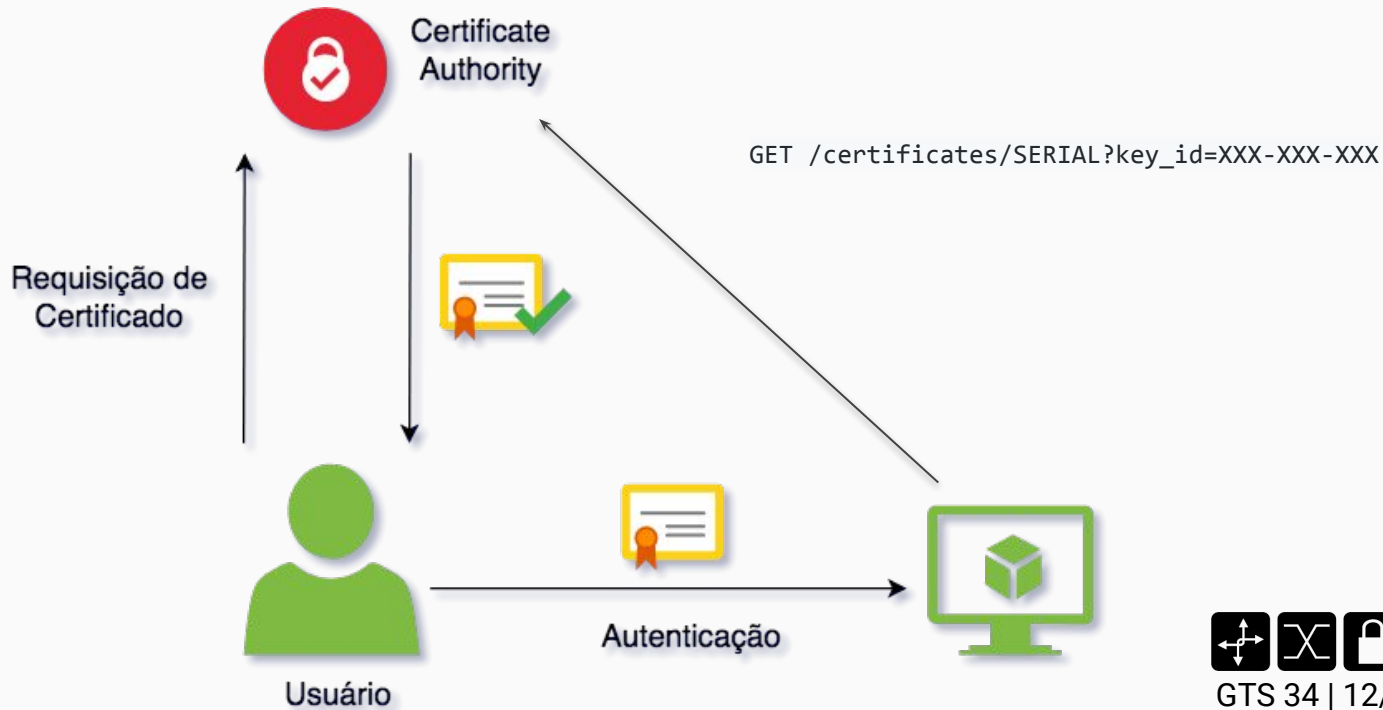
**AuthorizedPrincipalsFile** accepts the tokens %, %h, %U, and %u.

**ChrootDirectory** accepts the tokens %, %h, %U, and %u.

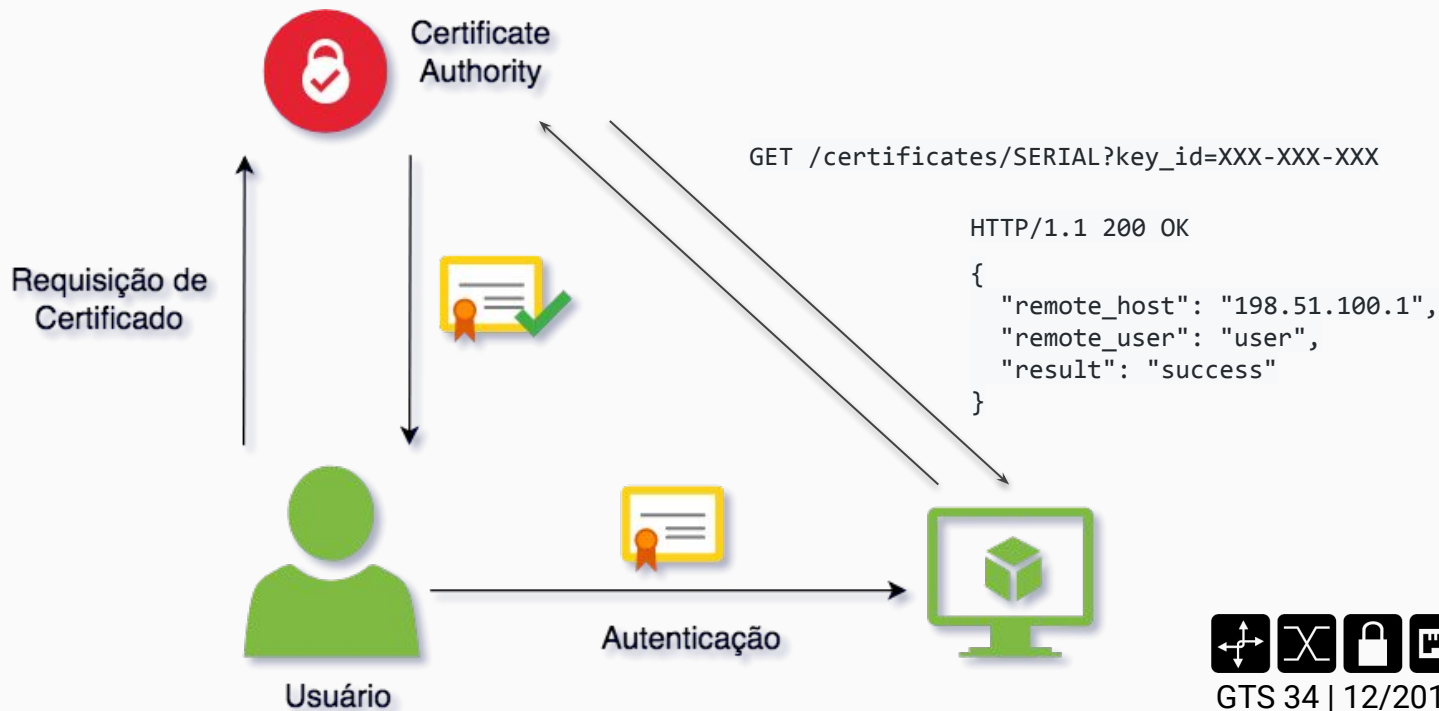
**RoutingDomain** accepts the token %D.

## FILES

# Possível solução

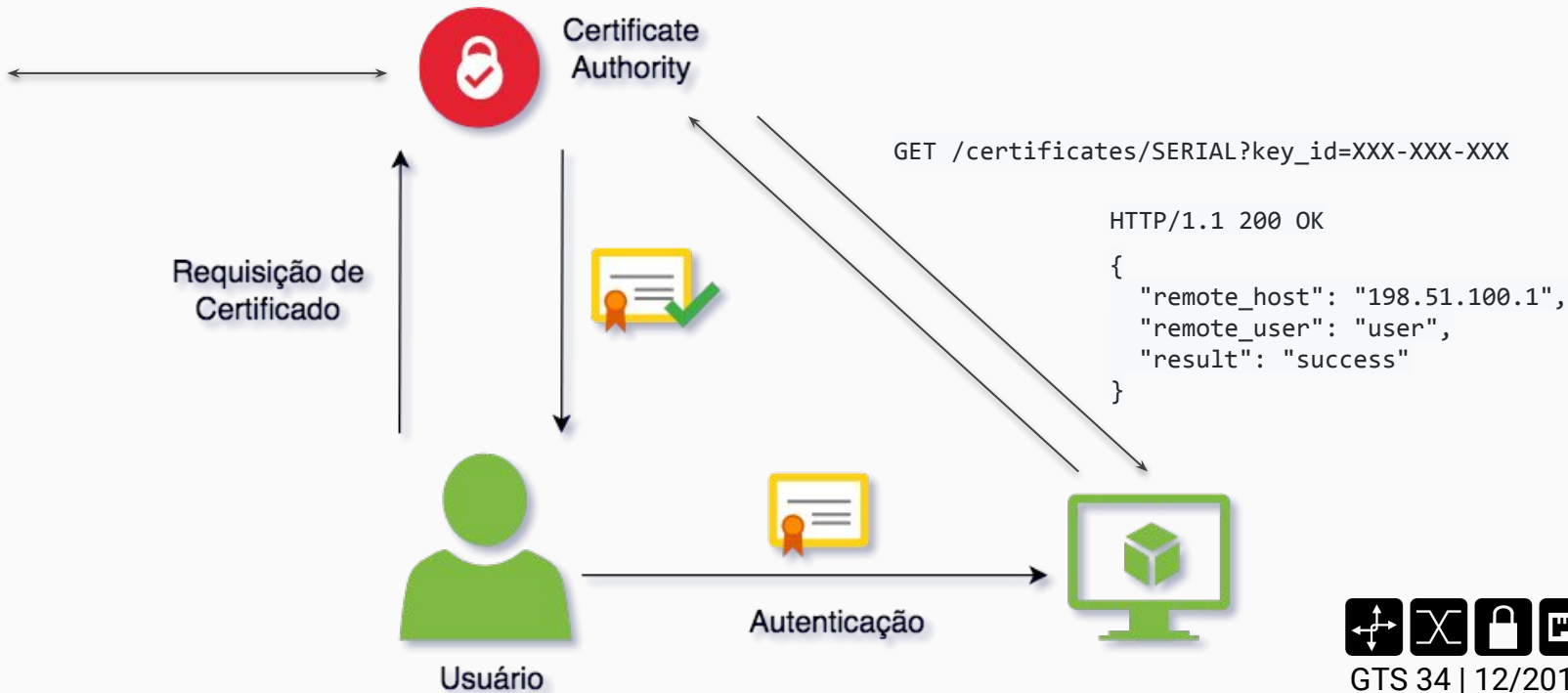


# Possível solução





# Possível solução



# GSH

Mudança na configuração do OpenSSH (>=6.8):

```
AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand /usr/local/bin/gsh-agent check-permission  
--api https://gsh-api.example.com --key-id %i --serial-number %s  
--username %u  
AuthorizedPrincipalsCommandUser root  
TrustedUserCAKeys /etc/ssh/cas.pub
```

O comando chamado pelo OpenSSH deverá retornar um *principal* (username) válido com o certificado apresentado.

```
># /usr/local/bin/gsh-agent check-permission --api https://gsh-api.example.com --key-id  
key-id-1234567890 --serial-number 0987654321 --username manoel.junior  
> manoel.junior
```



ssh-keygen(1) - OpenBSD man x +

man.openbsd.org/ssh-keygen.1#CERTIFICATES ☆ Incognito (2)

**clear** Clear all enabled permissions. This is useful for clearing the default set of permissions so permissions may be added individually.

**critical:***name*[=*contents*]  
**extension:***name*[=*contents*]  
Includes an arbitrary certificate critical option or extension. The specified *name* should include a domain suffix, e.g. "name@example.com". If *contents* is specified then it is included as the contents of the extension/option encoded as a string, otherwise the extension/option is created with no contents (usually indicating a flag). Extensions may be ignored by a client or server that does not recognise them, whereas unknown critical options will cause the certificate to be refused.

**force-command**=*command*  
Forces the execution of *command* instead of any shell or command specified by the user when the certificate is used for authentication.

**no-agent-forwarding**  
Disable [ssh-agent\(1\)](#) forwarding (permitted by default).

**no-port-forwarding**  
Disable port forwarding (permitted by default).

**no-pty** Disable PTY allocation (permitted by default).

**no-user-rc** Disable execution of `~/.ssh/rc` by [sshd\(8\)](#) (permitted by default).

**no-x11-forwarding**  
Disable X11 forwarding (permitted by default).

**permit-agent-forwarding**  
Allows [ssh-agent\(1\)](#) forwarding.

**permit-port-forwarding**  
Allows port forwarding.

**permit-pty** Allows PTY allocation.

**permit-user-rc**  
Allows execution of `~/.ssh/rc` by [sshd\(8\)](#).

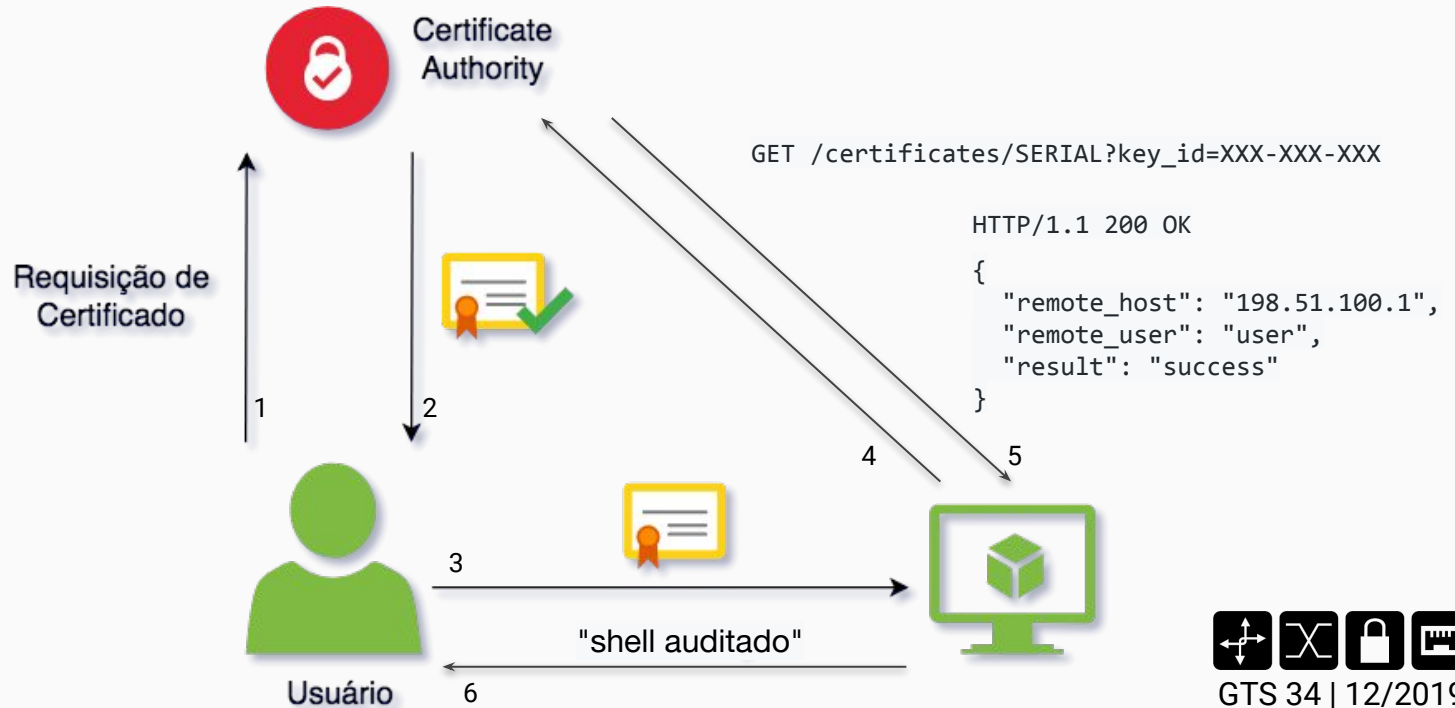
**permit-X11-forwarding**  
Allows X11 forwarding.

**no-touch-required**  
Do not require signatures made using this key require demonstration of user presence (e.g. by having the user touch the key). This option only makes sense for the Security Key algorithms **ecdsa-sk** and **ed25519-sk**.

**source-address**=*address\_list*  
Restrict the source addresses from which the certificate is considered valid. The *address\_list* is a comma-separated list of one or more address/netmask pairs in CIDR format.



# indo além...



# GSH

```
cli --root@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ -- -bash -- 103x33
mac301188:cli manoel.junior$ gsh

gsh is a CLI to use GSH.

GSH is an OpenID Connect-compatible authentication system
for OpenSSH servers. gsh uses certificate based authentication
on OpenSSH remote systems.

Usage:
  gsh [command]

Available Commands:
  help                Help about any command
  host-connect        Opens a remote shell inside a host, using SSH certificates
  login              Initiates a new gsh session for a user
  role-add            Adds a new role
  role-assign         Associate a role to a user
  role-dissociate     Dissociate a role to a user
  role-list           List all roles
  role-list-me        List all roles for current user
  role-list-users     List users associated with a role
  role-remove         Remove a role by id
  target-add          Adds a new entry to the list of available targets
  target-list         Displays the list of targets, marking the current
  target-remove       Remove a target from target-list (gsh api)
  target-set          Change current target (gsh api)

Flags:
  --config string    config file (default is $HOME/.gsh/config.yaml)
  -h, --help         help for gsh

Use "gsh [command] --help" for more information about a command.
mac301188:cli manoel.junior$
```



# GSH

```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\manoel.junior>gsh -h

gsh is a CLI to use GSH.

GSH is an OpenID Connect-compatible authentication system
for OpenSSH servers. gsh uses certificate based authentication
on OpenSSH remote systems.

Usage:
  gsh [command]

Available Commands:
  help                Help about any command
  host-connect        Opens a remote shell inside host, using SSH certificates
  login               Initiates a new gsh session for a user
  role-add            Adds a new role
  role-assign         Associate a role to an user
  role-dissociate     Dissociate a role to an user
  role-list           List all rules
  role-list-me        List all roles for current user
  role-list-users     List users associated with a role
  role-remove         Remove a role by id
  target-add          Adds a new entry to the list of available targets
  target-list         Displays the list of targets, marking the current
  target-remove       Remove a target from target-list (gsh api)
  target-set          Change current target (gsh api)

Flags:
  --config string    config file (default is $HOME/.gsh/config.yaml)
  -h, --help         help for gsh
  -t, --toggle       Help message for toggle

Use "gsh [command] --help" for more information about a command.

C:\Users\manoel.junior>
```



# GSH

```
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$ gsh target-add gts https://gsh.t.mdjunior.eng.br -s
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

New target gts -> https://gsh.t.mdjunior.eng.br added to target list
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$
```



# GSH

```
mac301188:~ manojunior$ gsh target-add example https://gsh.example.com
Using config file: /Users/manojunior/.gsh/config.yaml

New target example -> https://gsh.example.com added to target list
mac301188:~ manojunior$ cat .gsh/config.yaml
targets:
  example:
    current: false
    endpoint: https://gsh.example.com
  gts:
    current: true
    endpoint: https://gsh.t.mdjunior.eng.br
mac301188:~ manojunior$
```





# GSH

```
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$ gsh login -h

Initiates a new gsh session for a user. How authentication uses OpenID
Connect, it will open a web browser for the user to complete the login.

All gsh actions require the user to be authenticated (except [[gsh login]],
[[gsh version]] and [[gsh target-*]]).

Usage:
  gsh login [flags]

Flags:
  -h, --help                help for login
  -s, --set-token-storage string  Define where OIDC tokens will be stored [keychain,kwallet,wincred,secret-service,file]
                                (default "keychain")

Global Flags:
  --config string  config file (default is $HOME/.gsh/config.yaml)
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$
```



# GSH

```
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$ gsh login -h

Initiates a new gsh session for a user. How authentication uses OpenID
Connect, it will open a web browser for the user to complete the login.

All gsh actions require the user to be authenticated (except [[gsh login]],
[[gsh version]] and [[gsh target-*]]).

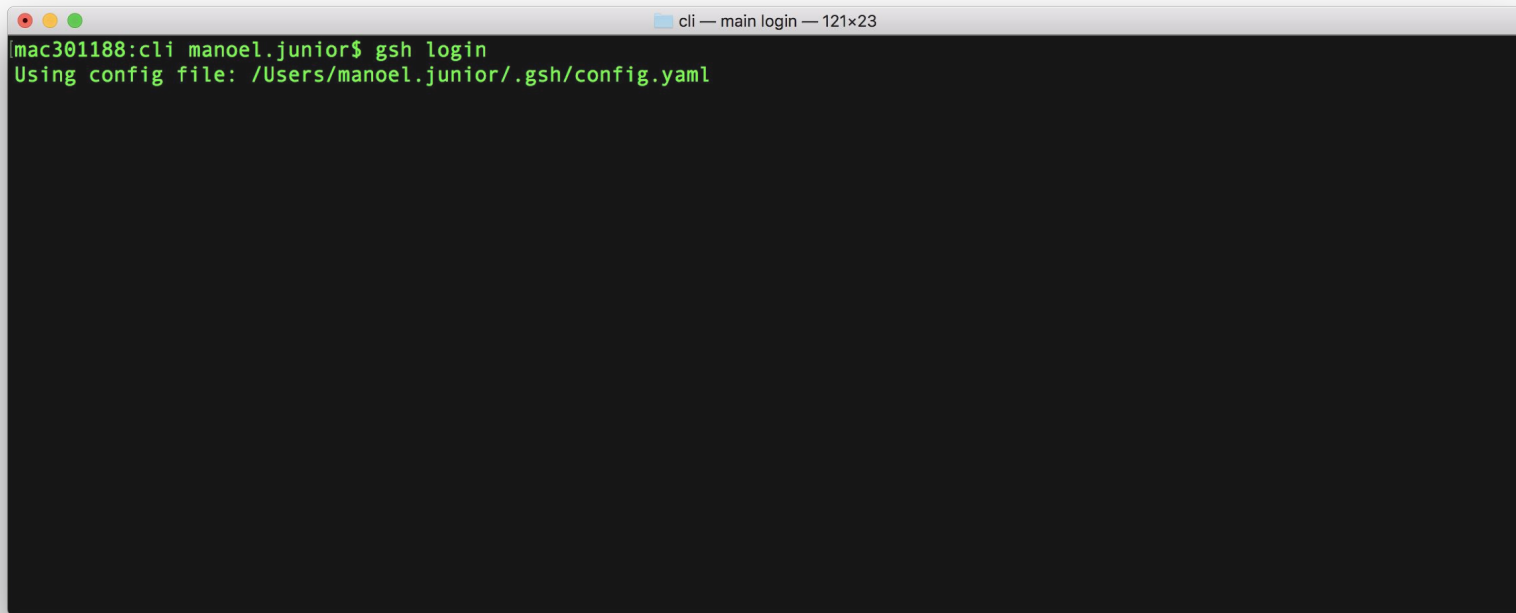
Usage:
  gsh login [flags]

Flags:
  -h, --help                help for login
  -s, --set-token-storage string Define where OIDC tokens will be stored [keychain,kwallet,wincred,secret-service,file]

Global Flags:
  --config string config file (default is $HOME/.gsh/config.yaml)
mac301188:~ manoel.junior$
```



# GSH



```
cli — main login — 121x23
[mac301188:cli manael.junior$ gsh login
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml
```





gsh

Log In Sign Up

 LOG IN WITH GOOGLE

or

Don't remember your password?



LOG IN >

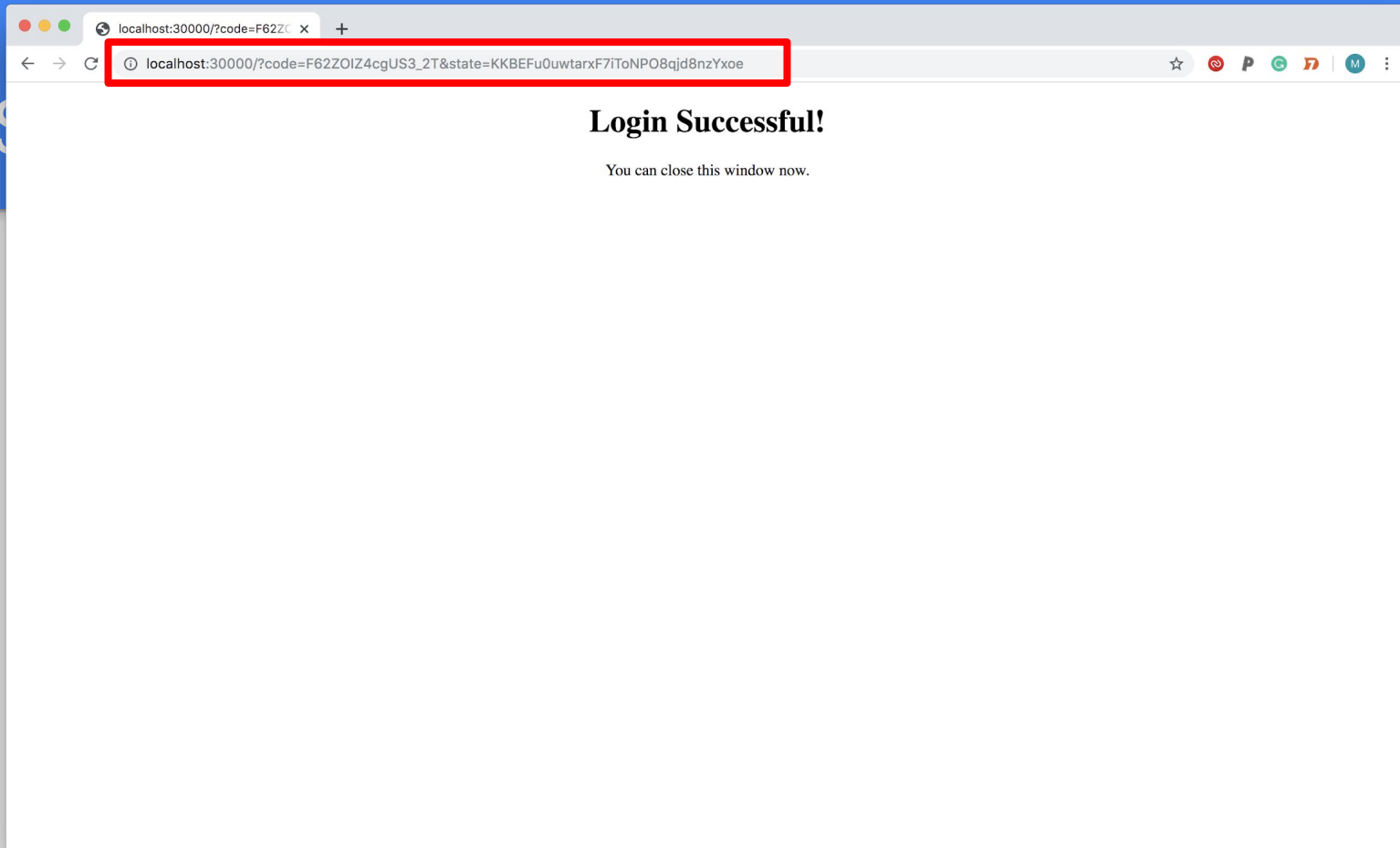


### Authorize App

GSH

Hi Manoel Domingues Junior, gsh is requesting access to your gsh-demo tenant

-  Profile: access to your profile and email
-  offline\_access

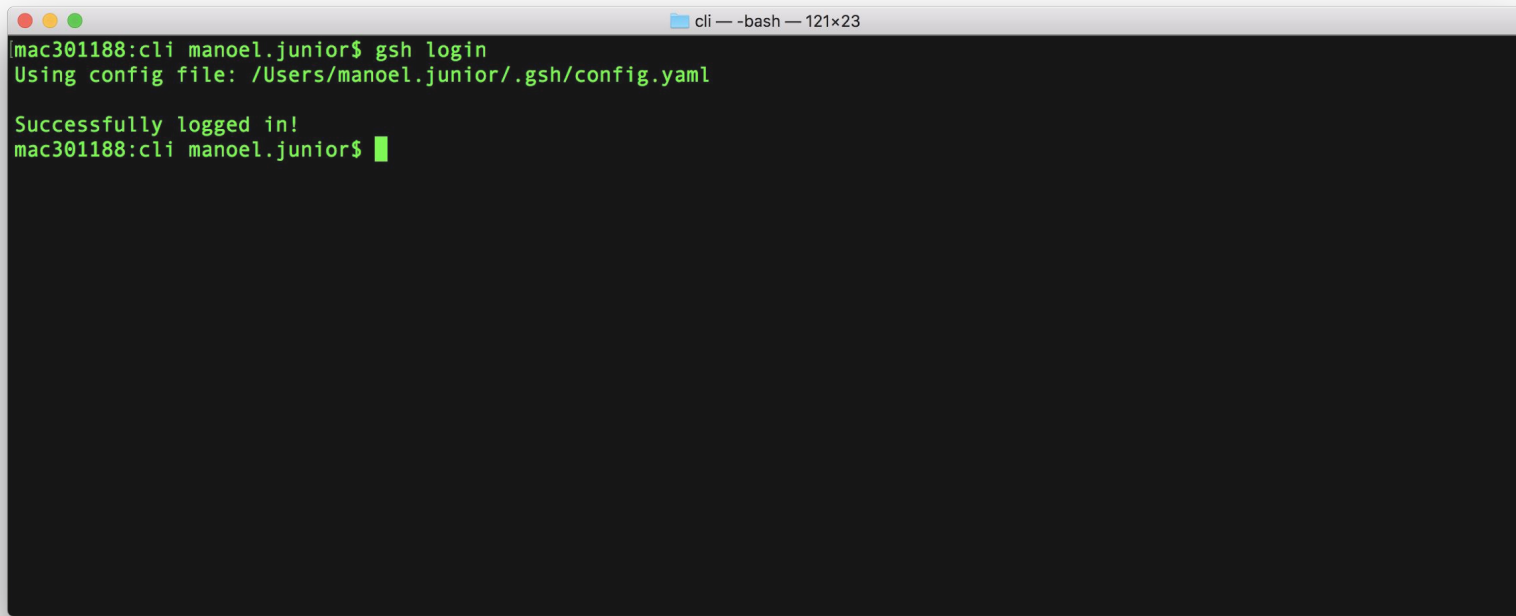


## Login Successful!

You can close this window now.



# GSH

A terminal window titled "cli - -bash - 121x23" is shown. The prompt is "[mac301188:cli manael.junior\$]". The user enters "gsh login". The terminal outputs "Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml" and "Successfully logged in!". The prompt then changes to "mac301188:cli manael.junior\$" with a green cursor.

```
[mac301188:cli manael.junior$] gsh login
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Successfully logged in!
mac301188:cli manael.junior$
```



# GSH

```
GET /status/config
```

```
HTTP/2 200
```

```
{  
  "oidc_audience": "Upt5Gt1Bu5WIAK33Q99038JnJsP4DDHk",  
  "oidc_base_url": "https://gsh-demo.auth0.com",  
  "oidc_callback_port": "30000",  
  "oidc_certs": "https://gsh-demo.auth0.com/.well-known/jwks.json",  
  "oidc_claim_name": "nickname",  
  "oidc_issuer": "https://gsh-demo.auth0.com/"  
}
```





Applications

manage.auth0.com/dashboard/us/gsh-demo/applications

Auth0

Search for users or applications













Help & Support Docs Discuss Your Needs gsh-demo

Dashboard Applications APIs SSO Integrations Connections Universal Login Users & Roles Users Roles Rules Hooks Multifactor Auth Emails Logs Anomaly Detection Extensions Get Support

# Applications

+ CREATE APPLICATION

Setup a mobile, web or IoT application to use Auth0 for Authentication. [Learn more](#)

 <b>Default App</b> GENERIC	Client ID	nDyykyDxbXpN4koyhDFv1kJK6kH:					
 <b>gsh</b> SINGLE PAGE APPLICATION	Client ID	Upt5Gt1Bu5WIAK33Q99038JnJsP:					

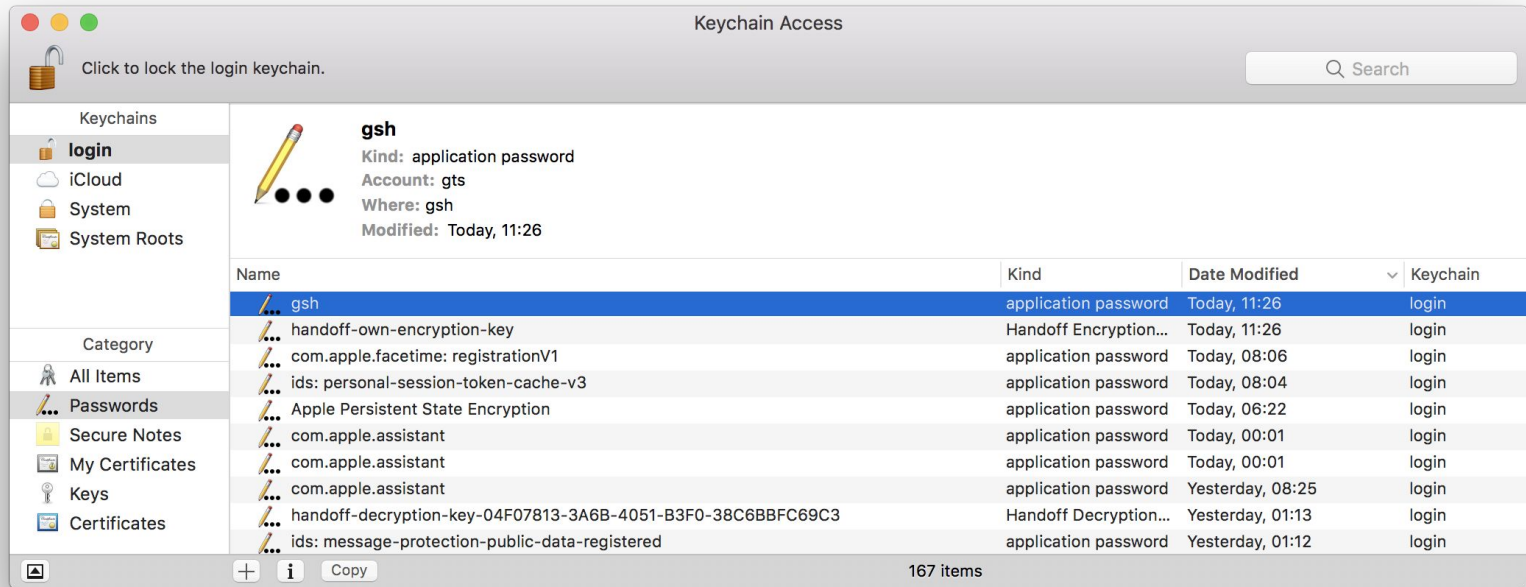


# GSH

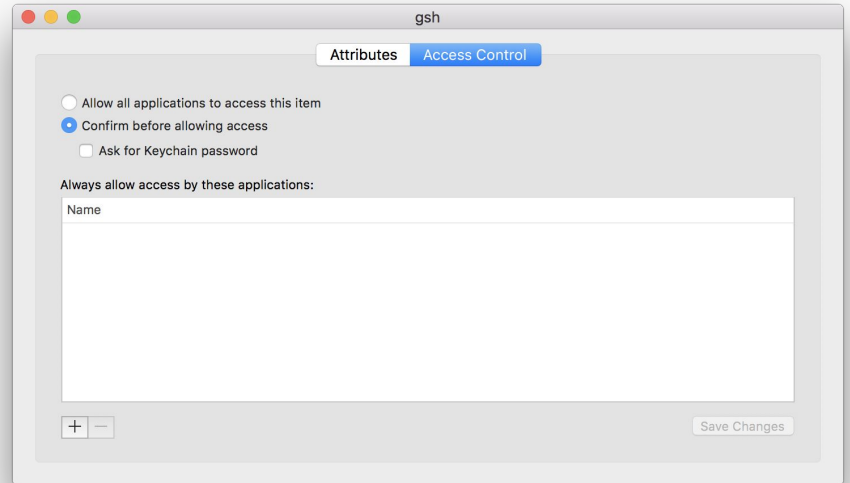
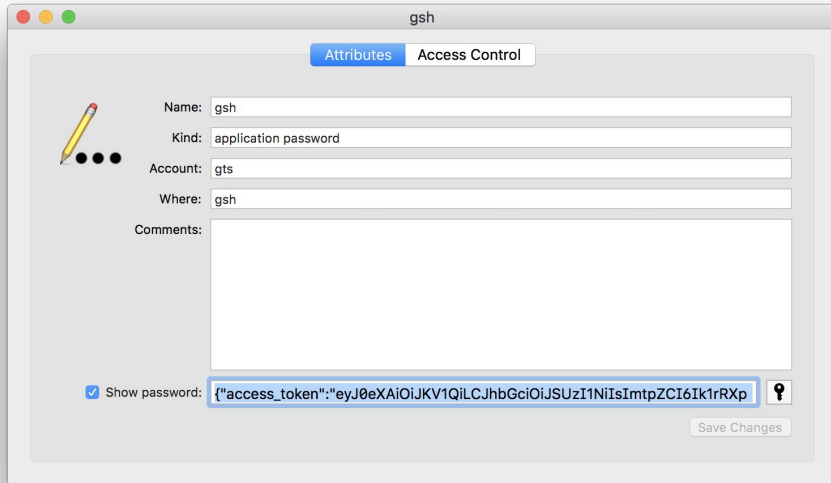
```
cli — -bash — 121x23
[mac301188:cli manoel.junior$ cat ~/.gsh/config.yaml
targets:
  example:
    current: false
    endpoint: https://gsh.example.com
  gts:
    current: true
    endpoint: https://gsh.t.mdjunior.eng.br
    token-storage: keychain
[mac301188:cli manoel.junior$
```



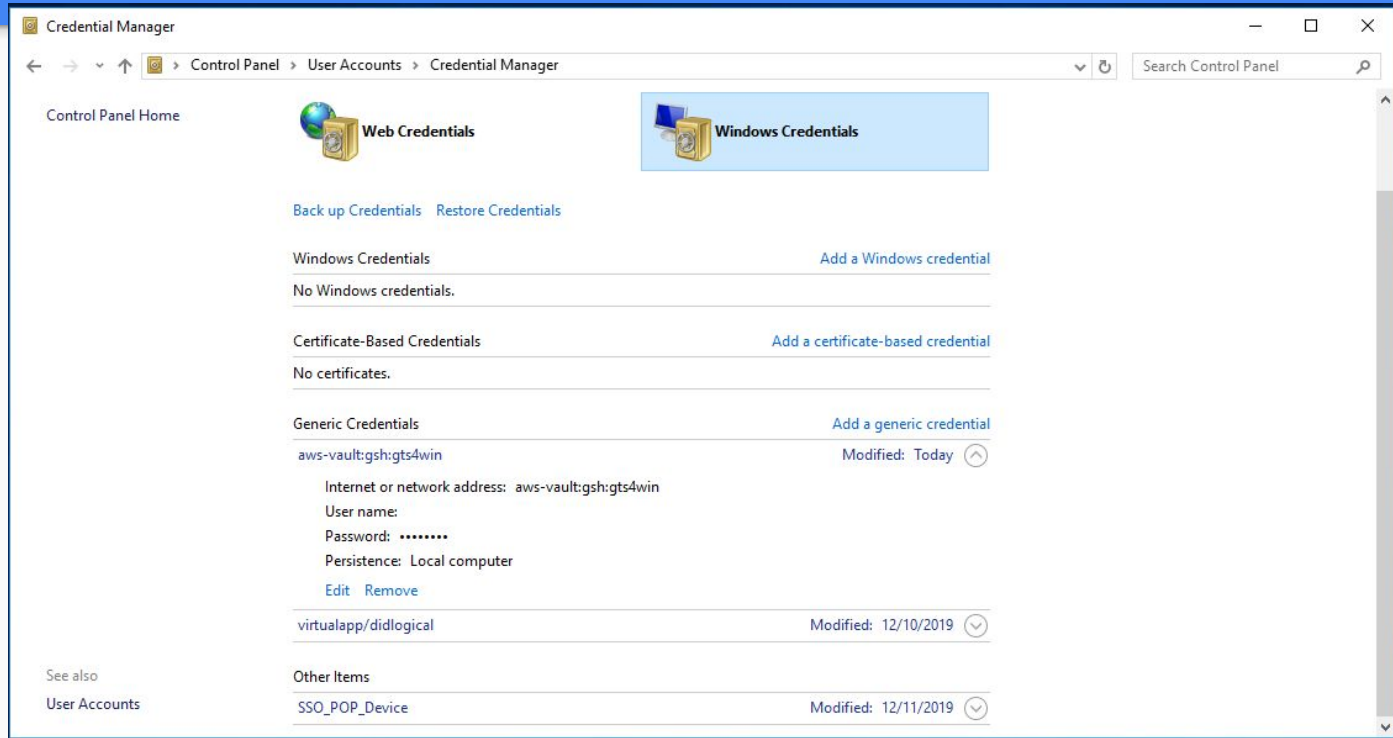
# GSH



# GSH



# GSH



# GSH

```
cli — -bash — 121x23
[mac301188:cli manael.junior$ gsh host-connect 64.225.44.196
Using config file: /Users/manael.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Client error checking http status response: (403)

{"details":"Your roles are: []","message":"You don't have permission to request this certificate","result":"fail"}
mac301188:cli manael.junior$ █
```



# GSH

```
cli — -bash — 121x25
[mac301188:cli man0el.junior]$ gsh role
Error: unknown command "role" for "gsh"

Did you mean this?
  role-add
  role-assign
  role-dissociate
  role-list
  role-list-me
  role-list-users
  role-remove

Run 'gsh --help' for usage.
unknown command "role" for "gsh"

Did you mean this?
  role-add
  role-assign
  role-dissociate
  role-list
  role-list-me
  role-list-users
  role-remove

mac301188:cli man0el.junior$
```



# GSH

```
mac301188:cli manoel.junior$ gsh role-add -h

Adds a new role. A role is a set of characteristics that consists of a permission
that will be assigned to a user. ID is a slug string that identifies the role.

Usage:
  gsh role-add [id] [flags]

Flags:
  -a, --actions string      Defines a set of OpenSSH critical options to be used with this role (default "permit-pty")
  -h, --help                help for role-add
  -d, --remote-host string  Defines destination IP to be connected using this role
  -u, --remote-user string  Defines the username that certificate holder should impersonate on the remote system. Examples: '*' (any user), '.' (same user used at request) or 'alice' (or other string to only impersonate said user) (default ".")
  -s, --user-ip string      Defines source IP which will be allowed to initiate a connection to remote-host using this role

Global Flags:
  --config string  config file (default is $HOME/.gsh/config.yaml)
mac301188:cli manoel.junior$
```





# GSH

```
manoel.junior — root@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — ssh · main host-connect 64.225.44.196 -u root — 129x22
156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh role-add gts-root-4 -a 'permit-pty' -d '64.225.44.196/32' -s '0.0.0.0/0' -u 'root'
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role created
156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh role-assign gts-root-4 manoel.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role associated
156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh host-connect 64.225.44.196 -u root
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Last login: Thu Dec 12 15:26:58 2019 from 189.76.98.156
[root@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root) context=unconfined_u:unconfined_r:unconfined_t:s0-s0:c0.c1023
[root@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]#
```



The screenshot shows a GitHub Wiki page titled "api routes post authz roles" on the repository "globocom/gsh". The page content includes:

- POST /authz/roles**: A section describing how to create a new role, noting it is only for admin users and uses the `GSH_PERM_ADMIN` environment variable. It states that a role is a JSON struct with the following fields:
- JSON Example**:

```
{  "id": "admin-test",  "remote_user": "root",  "user_ip": "10.0.0.0/24",  "remote_host": "10.0.0.0/8",  "actions": "permit-pty"}
```
- Example with curl**: A terminal snippet showing a successful `curl` command to create a role on a local server.

```
$ curl -v -H "Authorization: JWT ***" localhost:8000/authz/roles -d @role.json -H "Content-Type: application/json"
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to localhost (:::1) port 8000 (#0)
> POST /authz/roles HTTP/1.1
> Host: localhost:8000
> User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
> Accept: */*
> Authorization: JWT ***
> Content-type: application/json
> Content-Length: 162
>
* upload completely sent off: 162 out of 162 bytes
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
< Date: Wed, 20 Mar 2019 21:21:27 GMT
< Content-Length: 45
<
* Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
{"message":"Role created","result":"success"}
```

On the right side of the page, there is a "Pages" section with 31 pages and a "Documentation" section with a tree view of links:

- API
  - Configuration
  - Routes
- UI
  - Configuration
- CLI
  - Reference
  - How works
- Agent
  - Configuration

At the bottom right, there is a "Clone this wiki locally" section with the URL `https://github.com/globocom/gsh` and a download icon.



The screenshot shows a GitHub Wiki page for the repository 'globocom/gsh'. The page title is 'api routes post authz roles\_role\_user'. The page content includes a description of the endpoint, an example curl command, and a list of pages in the documentation.

**api routes post authz roles\_role\_user**  
 Manoel Domingues Junior edited this page on Mar 20 · 2 revisions

**POST /authz/roles/:role/:user**

Associate a role to an user. This route only can be used by admin users. This users are configured with `GSH_PERM_ADMIN` environment variable.

**Example with curl**

```
$ curl -v -H "Authorization: JWT ***" localhost:8000/authz/roles/admin-test/admin@exa
* TCP_NODELAY set
* Connected to localhost (:::1) port 8000 (#0)
> POST /authz/roles/admin-test/admin@example.com HTTP/1.1
Host: localhost:8000
User-Agent: curl/7.54.0
Accept: */*
Authorization: JWT ***
>
< HTTP/1.1 200 OK
< Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
< Date: Wed, 20 Mar 2019 21:09:40 GMT
< Content-Length: 48
<
{ [48 bytes data]
100 48 100 48 0 0 1634 0 --:--:-- --:--:-- --:--:-- 1655
* Connection #0 to host localhost left intact
{
  "message": "Role associated",
  "result": "success"
}
```

**Pages (31)**

**Documentation**

- API
  - Configuration
  - Routes
- UI
  - Configuration
- CLI
  - Reference
  - How works
- Agent
  - Configuration

**Clone this wiki locally**  
<https://github.com/globocom/gsh>

+ Add a custom footer



# GSH

```
manoel.junior — manoel.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — ssh • main host-connect 64.225.44.196 -u manoel.domingues.junior — 129x22
[156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh role-add gts-self -a 'permit-pty' -d '64.225.44.196/32' -s '0.0.0.0/0' -u '.'
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role created
[156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh role-assign gts-self manoel.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role associated
[156:~ manoel.junior$ gsh host-connect 64.225.44.196 -u manoel.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Last login: Thu Dec 12 17:32:41 2019 from 189.76.98.156
[manoel.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]$ id
uid=1001(manoel.domingues.junior) gid=1001(manoel.domingues.junior) groups=1001(manoel.domingues.junior) context=unconfined_u:unc
onfined_r:unconfined_t:s0-s0:c0.c1023
[manoel.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]$
```



# GSH

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-34 -- -bash — 129x22
156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh host-connect 64.225.44.196 -u manoe1.domingues.junior -d
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

ssh -i /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla -i /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla-cert.pub -l manoe1.domingues.junior -p 22 64.225.44.196
156:~ manoe1.junior$ ssh-keygen -LT /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla-cert.pub
/Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla-cert.pub:
  Type: ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com user certificate
  Public key: RSA-CERT SHA256:1ChWGB1HsSv1VV80d1WmyXLZLorkncIsoQ0boGmKDcE
  Signing CA: RSA SHA256:zJNiSEvSCvOvfWxieW1VGHo4D7Fk039F9E2CCeBfsjE (using ssh-rsa)
  Key ID: "64e0c354-b92a-415b-9cf8-698f73ca7968"
  Serial: 0
  Valid: from 2019-12-12T14:34:28 to 2019-12-12T14:44:58
  Principals:
    manoe1.domingues.junior
  Critical Options:
    source-address 189.76.98.156
  Extensions:
    permit-ptv
156:~ manoe1.junior$
```



# GSH

```
Dec 12 17:21:54 centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 sshd[9602]: reverse mapping checking getaddrinfo for  
186-192-87-8.prt.globo.com [186.192.87.8] failed - POSSIBLE BREAK-IN ATTEMPT!  
Dec 12 17:21:55 centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 sshd[9602]: Authentication tried for manoel.domingues.junior with  
valid certificate but not from a permitted host (ip=186.192.87.8).  
Dec 12 17:21:55 centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 sshd[9602]: error: invalid certificate options  
Dec 12 17:21:55 centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 sshd[9602]: Connection closed by 186.192.87.8 port 20302 [preauth]
```



# GSH

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — -bash — 129x22
156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-list
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID      | Remote user | User IP  | Remote host  | Actions  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| gts-root-4 | root      | 0.0.0.0/0 | 64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty |
| gts-self   | .         | 0.0.0.0/0 | 64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

156:~ manoe1.junior$ █
```



# GSH

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — -bash — 129x22
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-list
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID      | Remote user | User IP  | Remote host  | Actions  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| gts-root-4 | root      | 0.0.0.0/0 | 64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty |
| gts-self   | .         | 0.0.0.0/0 | 64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-list-users gts-root-4
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID      | Remote user | User IP  | Remote host  | Actions  | Users      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| gts-root-4 | root      | 0.0.0.0/0 | 64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty | manoe1.domingues.junior |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

156:~ manoe1.junior$ █
```





# GSH - ipv6?

```
manoe junior — manoe.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — -bash — 129x22
[156:~ manoe.junior$ gsh role-add gts-self-6 -a 'permit-pty' -d '2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001/128' -s '2804:14c::/31' -u '.'
Using config file: /Users/manoe.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role created
[156:~ manoe.junior$ gsh role-assign gts-self-6 manoe.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoe.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role associated
156:~ manoe.junior$ █
```



# GSH - ipv6?

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — ssh • main host-connect 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001 -u manoe1.domingues.junior -s 2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24 — 136x22

[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-add gts-self-6 -a 'permit-pty' -d '2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001/128' -s '2804:14c::/31' -u '.'
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role created
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-assign gts-self-6 manoe1.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh host-connect 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001 -u manoe1.domingues.junior -s 2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24
Using config file: /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Last login: Fri Dec 13 00:58:28 2019 from 2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24
[manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]$ env | grep SSH
SSH_CLIENT=2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24 55671 22
SSH_TTY=/dev/pts/1
SSH_CONNECTION=2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24 55671 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001 22
[manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]$ █
```



# GSH - ipv6?

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — -bash — 136x22
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-list-me
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID          | Remote user | User IP      | Remote host          | Actions  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| gts-root-4  | root        | 0.0.0.0/0    | 64.225.44.196/32    | permit-pty |
| gts-self    | .           | 0.0.0.0/0    | 64.225.44.196/32    | permit-pty |
| gts-self-6  | .           | 2804:14c::/31 | 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001/128 | permit-pty |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

156:~ manoe1.junior$
```



# GSH

```
manoe1.junior — manoe1.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — -bash — 136x22
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-add gts-self-all -a 'permit-pty' -d '2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001/128;64.225.44.196/32' -s '2804:14c::/31;201.81.163.0/24' -u '.'
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role created
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-assign gts-self-all manoe1.domingues.junior
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Role associated
[156:~ manoe1.junior$ gsh role-list-me
Using config file: /Users/manoe1.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| ID          | Remote user | User IP          | Remote host          | Actions      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| gts-root-4  | root        | 0.0.0.0/0        | 64.225.44.196/32    | permit-pty  |
| gts-self-all | .           | 2804:14c::/31;201.81.163.0/24 | 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001/128;64.225.44.196/32 | permit-pty  |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+

156:~ manoe1.junior$
```



# GSH

```
manoe.l.junior — manoe.l.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01:~ — ssh • main h 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001 -u manoe.l.domingues.junior -s 2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24 — 136x22
[156:~ manoe.l.junior$ gsh h 2604:a880:2:d1::131:6001 -u manoe.l.domingues.junior -s 2804:14c:10a:8d70:4ce3:215a:7cca:7d24
Using config file: /Users/manoe.l.junior/.gsh/config.yaml

Last login: Fri Dec 13 01:13:12 2019 from 201.81.163.166
[manoe.l.domingues.junior@centos-s-1vcpu-1gb-sfo2-01 ~]$ █
```



# GSH

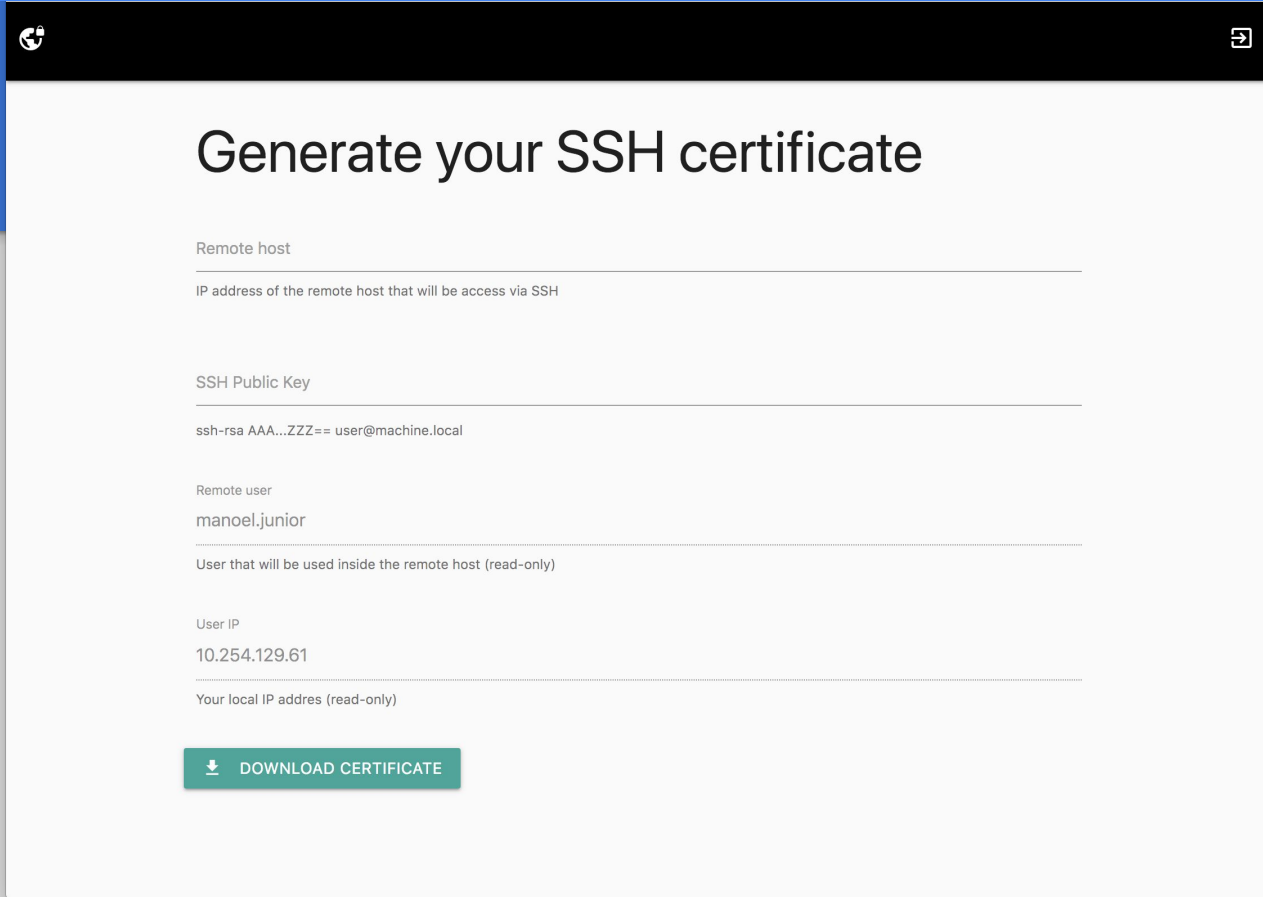
```
$ ssh-keygen -Lf /Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla-cert.pub

/Users/manoel.junior/.gsh/certs/gts/KbojG4CStICqkfJvn1Peote56E5yuhla-cert.pub:
  Type: ssh-rsa-cert-v01@openssh.com user certificate
  Public key: RSA-CERT
SHA256:1ChWGB1HsSvlVV8Od1WmyXLZLorkncIsoQ0boGmKDcE
  Signing CA: RSA SHA256:zJNiSEvSCvOvfWxieW1VGHo4D7Fk039F9E2CCeBfsjE
(using ssh-rsa)
  Key ID: "64e0c354-b92a-415b-9cf8-698f73ca7968"
  Serial: 0
  Valid: from 2019-12-12T14:34:28 to 2019-12-12T14:44:58
  Principals:
    manoel.domingues.junior
  Critical Options:
    source-address 189.76.98.156
  Extensions:
    permit-ptv
```



# GSH - meus usuários não usam a CLI...





The screenshot shows a web form titled "Generate your SSH certificate". The form has a black header bar with a refresh icon on the left and a share icon on the right. The main content area is white and contains several input fields with labels and a "DOWNLOAD CERTIFICATE" button at the bottom.

Remote host  
IP address of the remote host that will be access via SSH

SSH Public Key  
ssh-rsa AAA...ZZZ== user@machine.local

Remote user  
manoel.junior

User that will be used inside the remote host (read-only)

User IP  
10.254.129.61

Your local IP address (read-only)

[↓ DOWNLOAD CERTIFICATE](#)

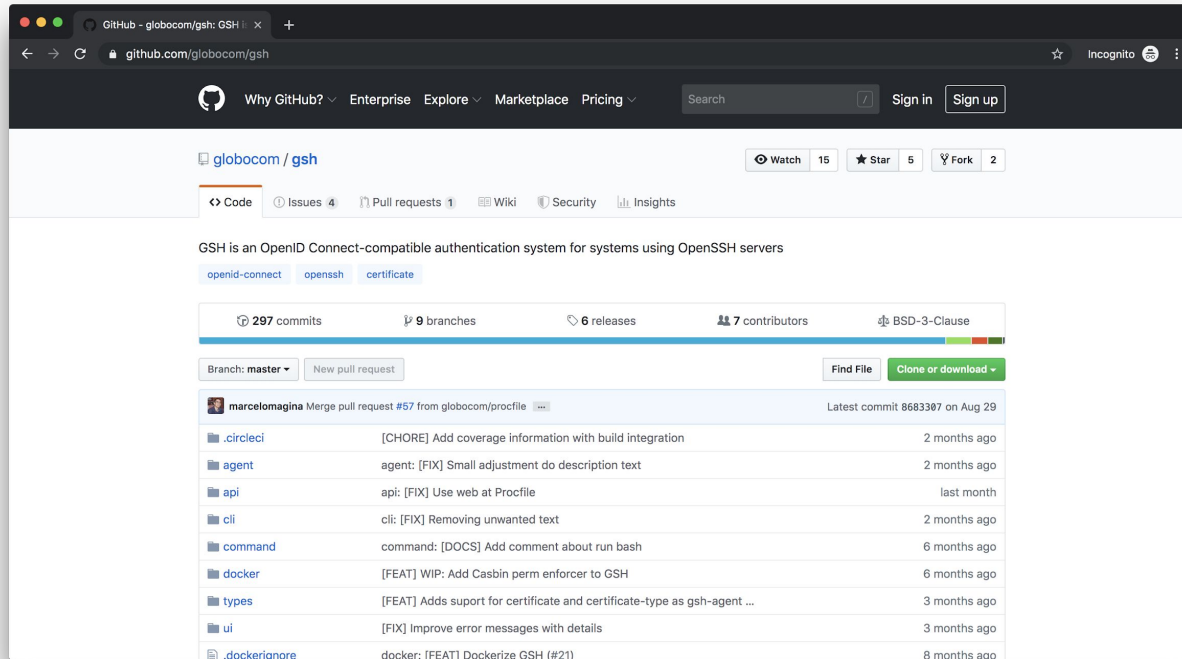


# GSH - Próximos passos

- Integração com outros provedores OpenID Connect
- Extensão no certificado para verificação de destino offline
- Suporte para múltiplas origens/destinos nos certificados
- Edição de roles
- Suporte para chaves com curvas elípticas



# Mais informações



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `globocom/gsh`. The repository is described as an OpenID Connect-compatible authentication system for systems using OpenSSH servers. It has 297 commits, 9 branches, 6 releases, and 7 contributors. The page lists several recent commits, including updates to build integration, agent descriptions, API usage, CLI text, command documentation, Casbin enforcement, certificate support, error messages, and Dockerization.

Commit	Description	Time
<code>marcelomagina</code>	Merge pull request #57 from globocom/procfile	Latest commit 8683307 on Aug 29
<code>.circleci</code>	[CHORE] Add coverage information with build integration	2 months ago
<code>agent</code>	agent: [FIX] Small adjustment do description text	2 months ago
<code>api</code>	api: [FIX] Use web at Procfile	last month
<code>cli</code>	cli: [FIX] Removing unwanted text	2 months ago
<code>command</code>	command: [DOCS] Add comment about run bash	6 months ago
<code>docker</code>	[FEAT] WIP: Add Casbin perm enforcer to GSH	6 months ago
<code>types</code>	[FEAT] Adds suport for certificate and certificate-type as gsh-agent ...	3 months ago
<code>ui</code>	[FIX] Improve error messages with details	3 months ago
<code>.dockerignore</code>	docker: [FEAT] Dockerize GSH (#21)	8 months ago

<https://github.com/globocom/gsh>



GTS 34 | 12/2019

## GSH Compatibility Matrix

GSH needs an OpenSSH version  $\geq$  6.8. This is because GSH uses AuthorizedPrincipalsCommand feature.

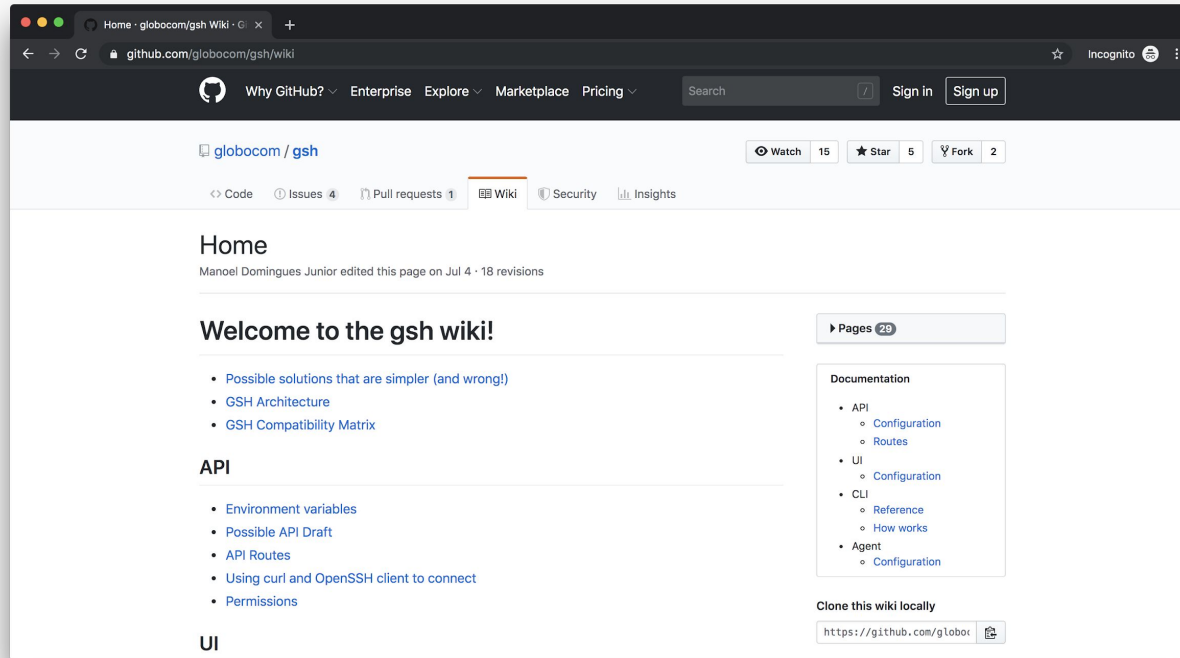
Operational System	OpenSSH version	Compatible?	Alternative?
Centos/Red-Hat/Oracle Linux 5	4.3	No	compile your RPM
Centos/Red-Hat/Oracle Linux 6	5.3	No	compile your RPM
Centos/Red-Hat/Oracle Linux 7	7.4	Yes	-
Centos/Red-Hat/Oracle Linux 8	7.8	Yes	-
Fedora 29	7.9	Yes	-
Fedora 30	8.0	Yes	-
Fedora 31	8.0	Yes	-
Fedora 32	8.1	Yes	-
Debian 10 (buster)	7.9	Yes	-
Debian 9 (stretch)	7.4	Yes	-
Debian 8 (jessie)	6.7	No	compile your DEB
Ubuntu 19.04 (disco)	7.9	Yes	-
Ubuntu 18.04 (bionic)	7.6	Yes	-
Ubuntu 16.04 (xenial)	7.2	Yes	-
ArchLinux	8.0	Yes (since 2015)	-
openSUSE Tumbleweed	7.9	Yes	-
openSUSE Leap 15.1	7.9	Yes	-
openSUSE Leap 15.0	7.6	Yes	-

Pages 31

- Documentation
- API
    - Configuration
    - Routes
  - UI
    - Configuration
  - CLI
    - Reference
    - How works
  - Agent
    - Configuration

Clone this wiki locally  
<https://github.com/globocom/gsh/wiki/compatibility-matrix>

# Mais informações



<https://github.com/globocom/gsh>



GTS 34 | 12/2019



GTER 48 | GTS 34

# Perguntas?

[manoel.junior@corp.globo.com](mailto:manoel.junior@corp.globo.com)

**Estamos contratando!**

<https://talentos.globo.com>